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JavaOneSM

Fun with JavaTM
Technology on Lego[®]
Mindstorms[®]

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Lego Mindstorms – A little history



- > Originally launched 1998
 - The Lego Mindstorms Robot Invention System (RCX “Brick”)
 - Simple visual programming system
 - Reverse engineered
- > Major update 2006
 - Lego Mindstorms NXT
 - Open source hardware & firmware
 - Lego Mindstorms NXT V2.0 Aug 2009



LEGO NXT

- > Atmel Arm7TDMI + Atmel ATMega 48
 - 64Kb Ram
 - 256Kb Flash
- > 3 Motor ports, PWM + Tachometers
- > 4 Sensor ports
 - Analogue/Digital I2C
 - Standard: Ultrasonic, Touch, Light, Sound
 - Additional: Lots!
- > Bluetooth, USB, RS485
- > LCD 100x64 display/PDM sound output



Java on the NXT - leJOS

- > Evolved from TinyVM/leJOS for the RCX: 10Kb JVM!
- > Firmware 53Kb
 - Threads: pre-emptive, priority based, 2ms time slice
 - Interpreter: Fast table based dispatch
 - GC: concurrent, very low pause time
 - Native methods: I2C, Bluetooth, USB, Motor, LCD, Sound, Flash, RS485
- > Language
 - Most 1.5+ features iterators, generics, enums, nested classes, etc.
 - longs, floats, doubles, arrays, strings etc.

Java on the NXT - leJOS NXJ

> Classes

- classes.jar: 300+ classes
- Support for more than 36 sensor types.
- Unified communications for Bluetooth/USB/RS485
- Sophisticated motor control
- Robotics: Subsumption, navigation, localization
- Flash based file system
- Data logging
- Remote control - Lego command protocol
- Remote console, basic debugging

Java on the NXT – Host tools/classes

- > Support for Windows/Linux/Mac
- > Tools
 - Firmware upload, program upload, linker
 - Browsers: files, data logging, remote console
- > Plugins for NetBeans/Eclipse
- > Classes
 - Communications: Bluetooth, USB
 - Remote control: Lego Control Protocol
 - Over 100 classes
- > Mobile devices, Java ME

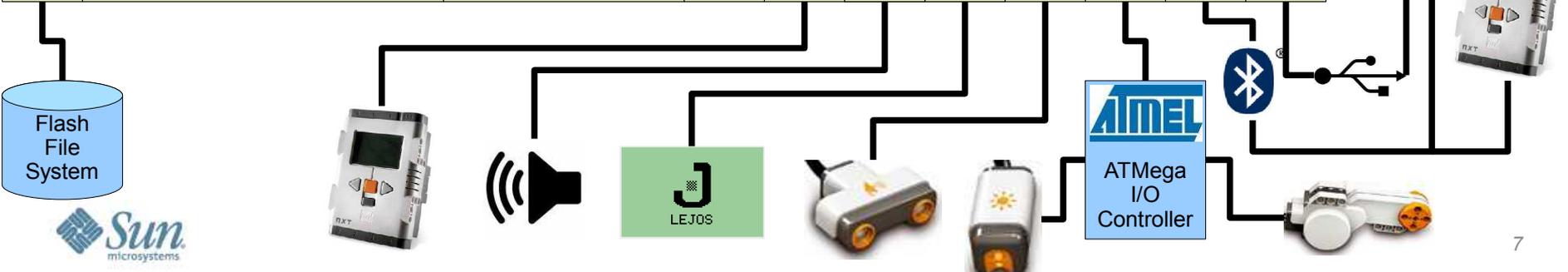
LeJOS Architecture

LeJOS System Menu

User Programs

Data Logger	Collections/ ArrayList Etc.	Debug/ Trace	UI/Notes/ Wav Audio	Remote Commands	Behaviors	Navigation
File System	Java Language Support Enum/Exception/String		Display/ Sound	Comms USB/BT RS485	Driver Classes Motor/Sensors	

Loader	Byte Code Interpreter	Native Methods									
Flash I/O	Garbage Collector	Thread Scheduler	Timers	RS485	PDM	SPI	I2C	TWI	USART	USB	



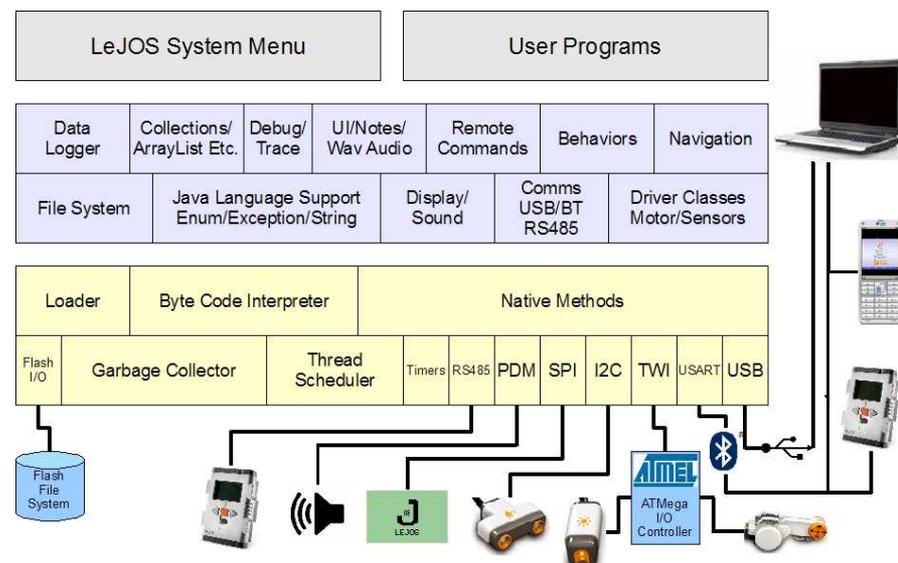
Architecture

> Firmware v Java

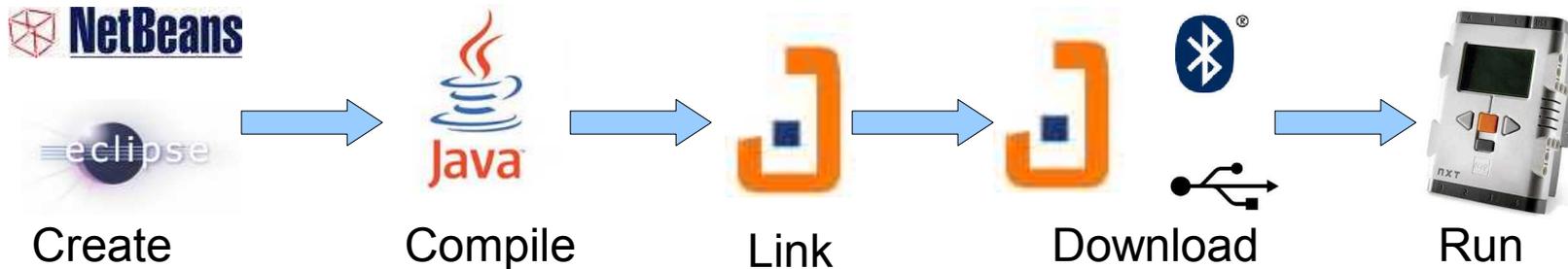
- Java whenever possible
- Easier to change
- More team members

> Enabled by firmware

- Priority based threading
- GC low pause time (< 1ms)
- Allows many real time functions in Java
 - Motor control PID tasks
 - Sensor processing
 - Communications



Building applications



> Standard tools to create and compile

- NetBeans, Eclipse, vi, emacs!
- Javac

> Linker

- No class loader
- Combines application classes with classes.jar
- Eliminates unused code (50%-60% reduction)
- Creates image that can be executed from flash

Alpha Rex



- > The Mindstorms “poster robot”
- > Rex is “helping out” by greeting delegates at JavaOne
 - Waits looking around
 - Pays attention when approached
 - Walks forwards to meet
 - Reads the badge
 - Greets the delegate

Demonstration



- > Let's see Rex in action...
 - View a video by clicking [here](#)

Main Components



Head

- Ultrasonic sensor “eyes”: Distance

Body

- Single motor moves head/arms
- Right Arm – RFID Sensor
- Left Arm – Light Sensor “torch”

Legs

- Hip Motor – rocks side to side
- Leg Motor – moves legs

Additional Components



On/Off button

- Touch sensor – starts/stops Rex

Sound

- Plays wav files - greeting

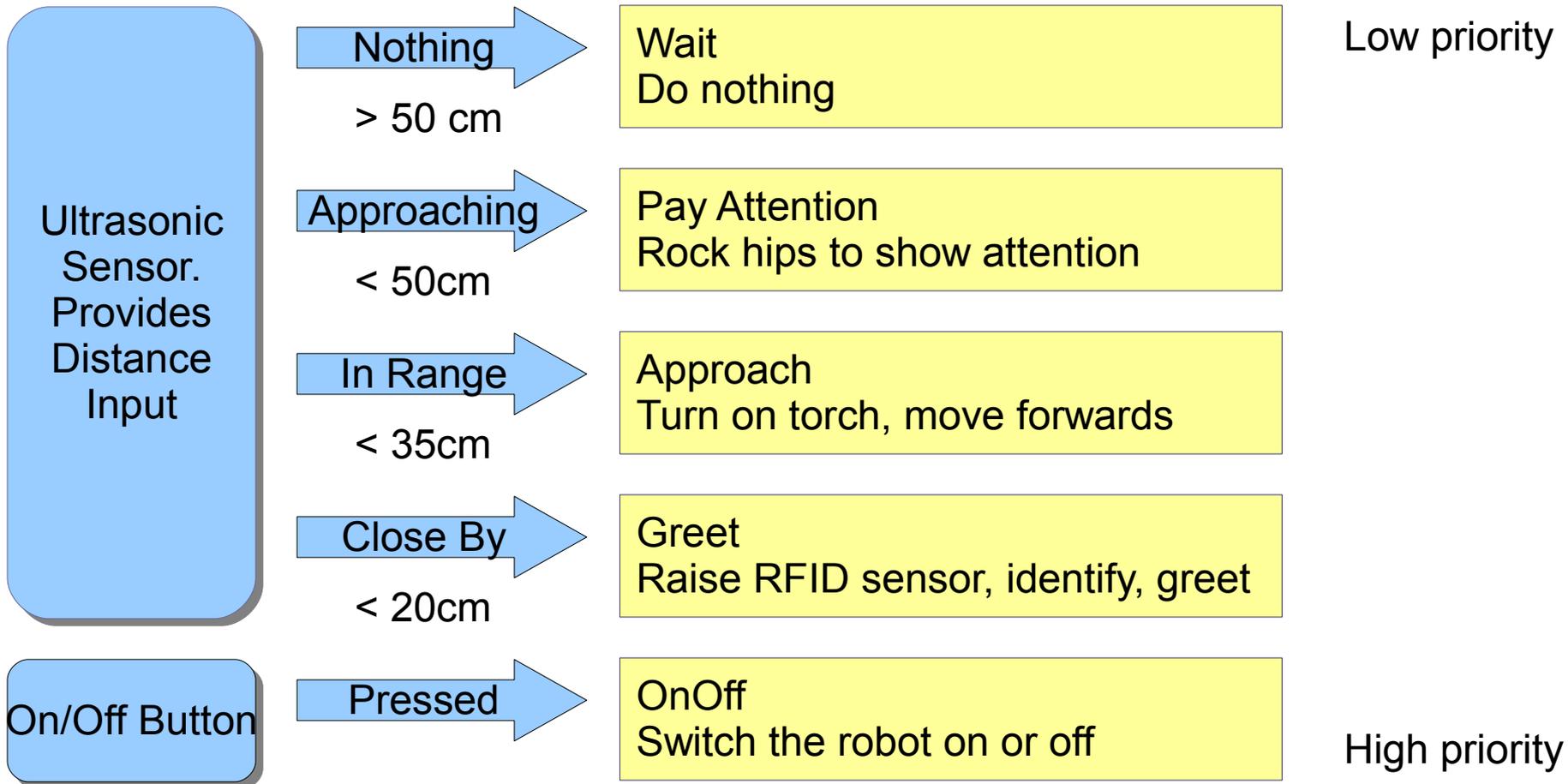
LCD

- Displays status

Bluetooth

- Connects to remote console
 - Displays detailed status
 - Shows LCD screen

Behavior model



Let's look a little deeper



- > So what is actually happening...
 - Look at the Remote Console
 - See a video by clicking [here](#)
 - Look at the code
 - The code is available [here](#)

LejosNXJ

in Engineering Education

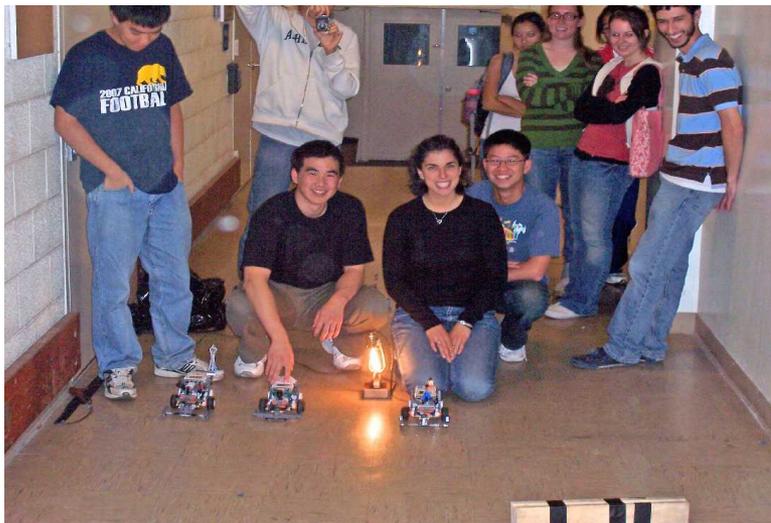
Roger Glassey

Professor, IE & OR

IEOR140: Introduction to mobile robots

- Course Objectives: Develop engineering skills
 - Analysis and design of moderately complex systems
 - interactions between the hardware and software design.
 - Effective project team membership
 - Report writing

Course structure



- > Teams of 2 or 3
- > Weekly project
- > Translate performance specifications into hardware and software design.
- > Project based learning plus interactive web based individual Java instruction.
- > Class size: 20 – 30
- > 3rd or 4th year engineering students

Projects

- > Start simply
- > Build a robot to trace a simple shape
- > Hardware: robot with 2 wheels, independently controlled
- > Square:
 - Repeat 4 times:
 - travel in straight line
 - 90 degree turn



```
import lejos.nxt.*;

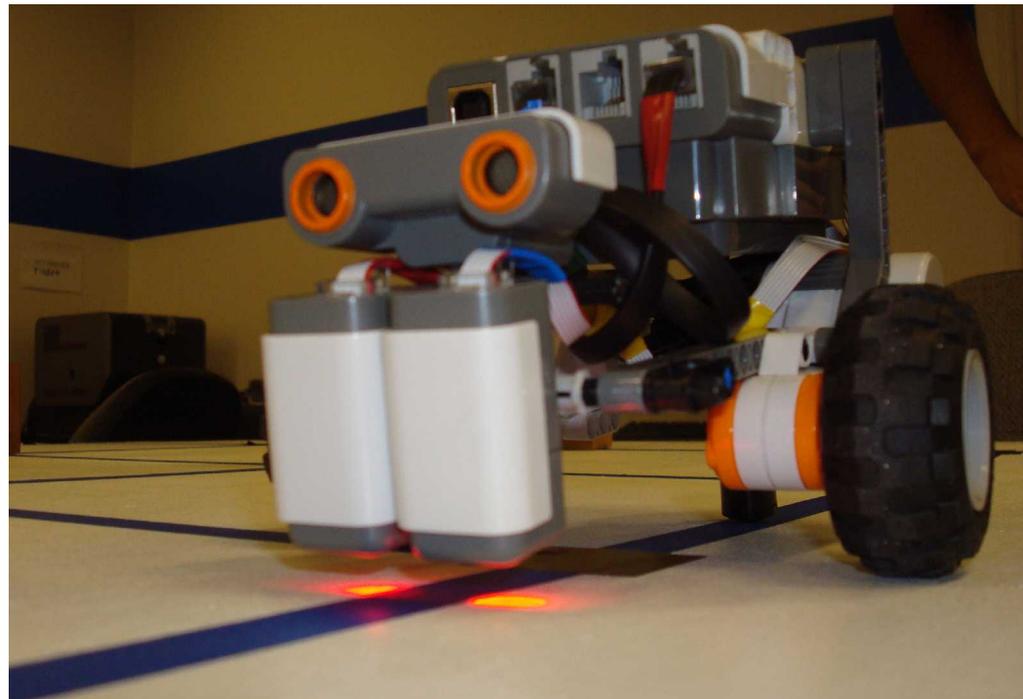
public class SquareBot
{
    private void square(int length)
    {
        for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
        {
            Motor.A.rotate(degPerDistance * length, true);
            Motor.C.rotate(degPerDistance * length);
            Motor.A.rotate(-90 * turnRatio, true);
            Motor.C.rotate(90 * turnRatio);
        }
    }
}
```

Demonstration

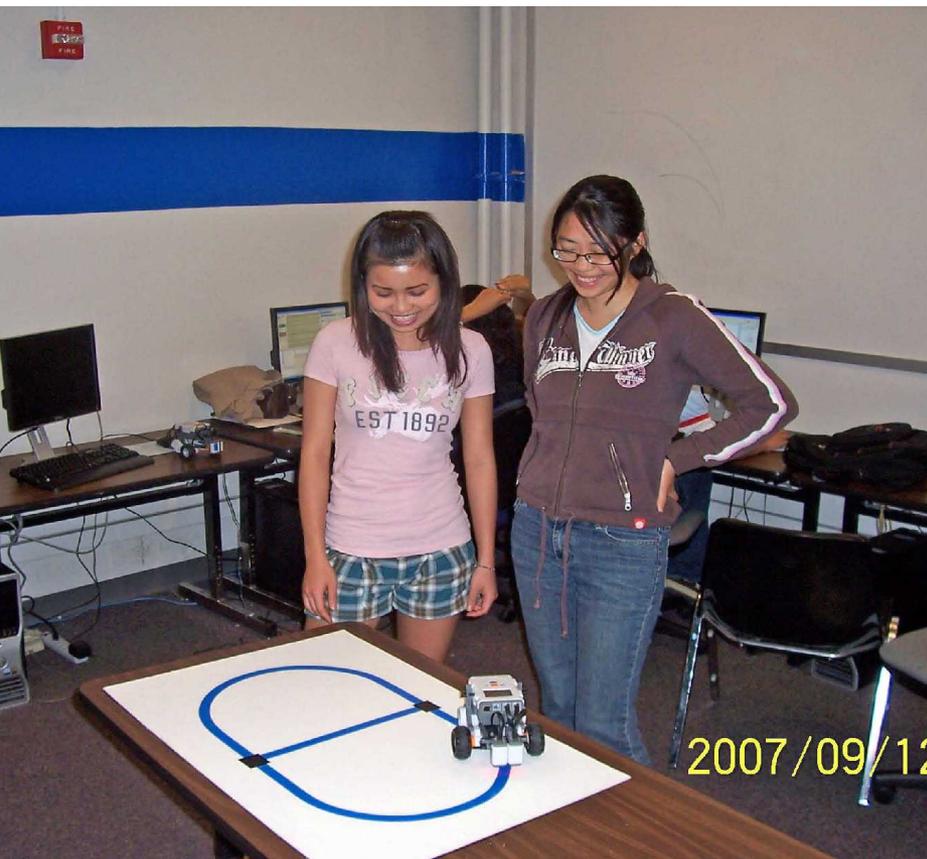
- > Let's see the the robot in action
 - Sorry we don't have a video of this part of the demo. But I'm sure you can work it out!

Grid Navigation

- > Prototype of materials handling robot
- > Navigate a rectangular grid
 - Line follower
- > Detect obstacles - adaptive path planning
- > Remote control and mapping via Bluetooth
- > Sensors:
 - 2 Light sensors
 - Ultrasonic sensor



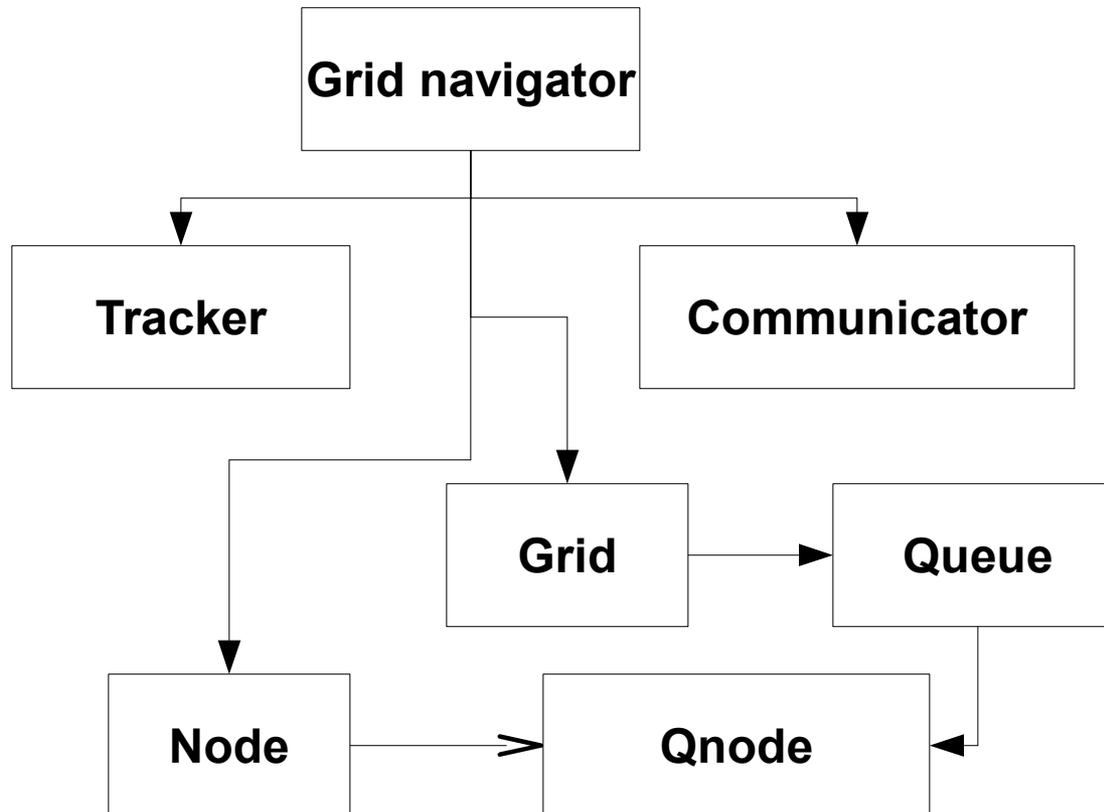
Grid navigation tasks



- Accept destination
- Go to destination
 1. Detect obstacle
 2. Decide on direction of turn - Dijkstra's algorithm
 3. Execute turn
 4. Travel to next intersection
 5. Repeat 1 – 4 until at destination

Grid Navigation

Class Dependencies



Demonstration

- > Let's see the Grid Navigator in action
 - You can view a video by clicking [here](#)

Follow me + Voice control

- > Simple co-operation between robots.
- > First robot has sensors
 - Obstacle detection
 - Audio Input
- > Linked to second via Bluetooth
- > Second robot follows commands from first



Demonstration

- > Let's see the two robots in action
 - See a video by clicking [here](#)

Conclusions

- > Decomposing robot performance specifications into tasks and sub-tasks can result in a clean, modular design of classes and methods.
- > Many students report that this course, while requiring more work than most, is also more fun than most.

More information

- > <http://lejos.sourceforge.net/>
- > <http://mindstorms.lego.com/>



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Thank You

